RANDOM GM TIP: AWESOME DUNGEON ROOMS

by Justin Alexander - January 19th, 2022



<u>The Art of the Key</u> breaks down how you can organize and format the room keys in your dungeon to make them easy to prep and run. But what do you actually put *in* the key? What do you fill your dungeon rooms with?

Every dungeon is a unique snowflake, but my general process is:

- Make a list of ideas. "Section of dungeon that looks like a Mongolian temple," "dracolisk hatchery," etc. Often this is just a list of cool/necessary rooms that I want to include, riffing on the general theme or purpose of the dungeon. (You can use techniques like the Goblin Ampersand to juice a basic concept and help spur your creativity.)
- 2. Draw the dungeon map, making sure to include all the cool ideas. (This will often involve combining multiple ideas into a single area to make them cooler in combo.)
- 3. Flesh out the key.

"Fleshing out the key" covers a variety of sins, but our key tip today for making awesome dungeon rooms is to avoid having rooms that are just one thing*.

It's not just the room with the goblins; it's the room with the goblins and the bubbling stewpot and the chandelier made from kobold bones.

It's not just a room with some bookshelves; it's a room with bookshelves, a slate table with a hidden compartment, and a looted rug from the Cambarran Dynasty.

A good rule of thumb here is to **include at least three interactive elements** (i.e., things that require or reward the players for doing more than just looking at them).

There are a couple reasons why this is good praxis.

First, the interplay between the elements tends to result in gameplay that's greater than the sum of its parts: A fight with goblins is interesting. A chandelier made from kobold bones is a nice bit of set dressing. Goblins swinging on a bone chandelier during a fight? That's awesome.

Second, a room with multiple interactive bits (i.e., things that are worth checking out) will encourage the group to split up and all check out different stuff.

Lisa: I'm going to scan the bookshelves for interesting titles.

Roberta: Can I make a History check to learn more about the antique rug?

DM: Go ahead and give me that check. Sandra, what are you doing while they do that?

Sandra: I'll examine the table in the middle of the room.

If each room just has one thing for the PCs to interact with, you'll often find the group falling into a routine where one character defaults into being "the guy who checks out the one thing in the room worth checking out." (Usually the rogue.) If you break that up with multiple, simultaneous interactions, over the course of the dungeon you'll make it more likely that everyone in the group will feel engaged with the exploration.

^{*} The exception are empty rooms. In my dungeons, empty rooms are rarely truly empty (in the sense of being barren and featureless). Instead, "empty" rooms commonly feature one flavorful thing which does not have a significant interaction. ("Cool mural! Okay, let's go left.")